Figure 1

Test 1

Determination of the affinity (curve G4/Com) and selectivity (curve C+/C-) of the compounds of the invention by measuring the inhibition of pairing of oligonucleotides with their complementary strands in a bioluminescence test, based on the conditions described above:

Product of Example 2

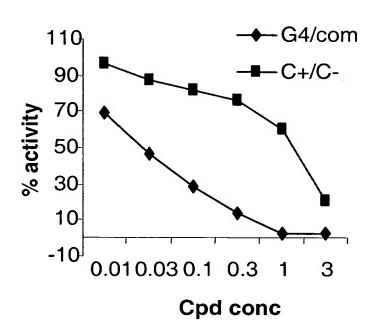


Figure 2

Test 2

an oligonucleotide G4 (affinity) and, on the other hand, a DNA double strand (selectivity) under the conditions described above: Determination of the dissociation constant of the complex between the products of the invention and, on the one hand,

Titration by fluorescence of the product of the example 1 (0.1 μ M) with 22AG (0-300 nM

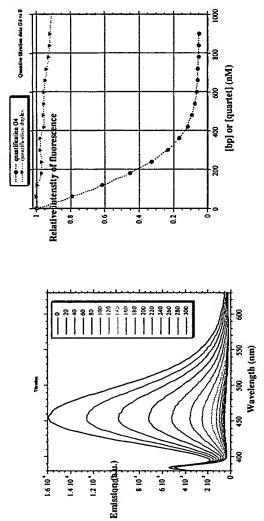


Figure 3

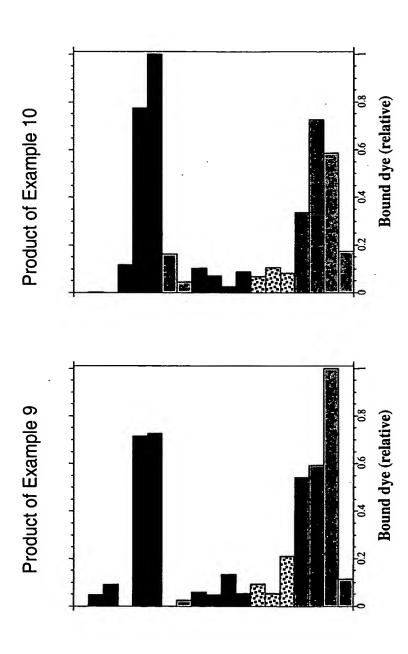
Test of selectivity 3

Estimation of the distribution at equilibrium of a product of the invention between various oligonucleotides or DNA structures, by a method of equilibrium dialysis based on the conditions described above:

Equilibrium distribution of the product of Example 1 16 poly dT 17 poly dA 18 poly rU 19 poly rA 3 11 4526 12 12 149 UC 13 12 17 14 22 AG 2 1 iff Cyntpick 2 (G.A) utplex 3 (G.T) triplex 4 polyddy2 polyidT) 5 24GA Wavelength (nm) G D B **B** Z

. OI 9 , e 210

Figure 3' (continuation of Figure 3)



Determination of the antitelomerase activity of the products of the invention, specifically dependent on the stabilization of the G-

0.03 Control Product of Example 9 quadruplex structure, under the conditions described above: 0.1 0.5 2 иМ 30 풀 8 Product of Example 2 0.3 Control 0.1